

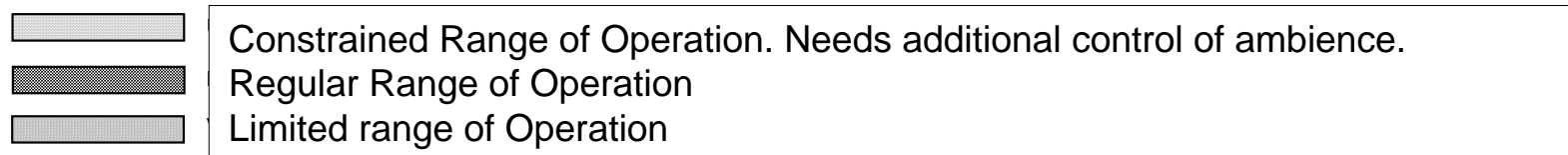
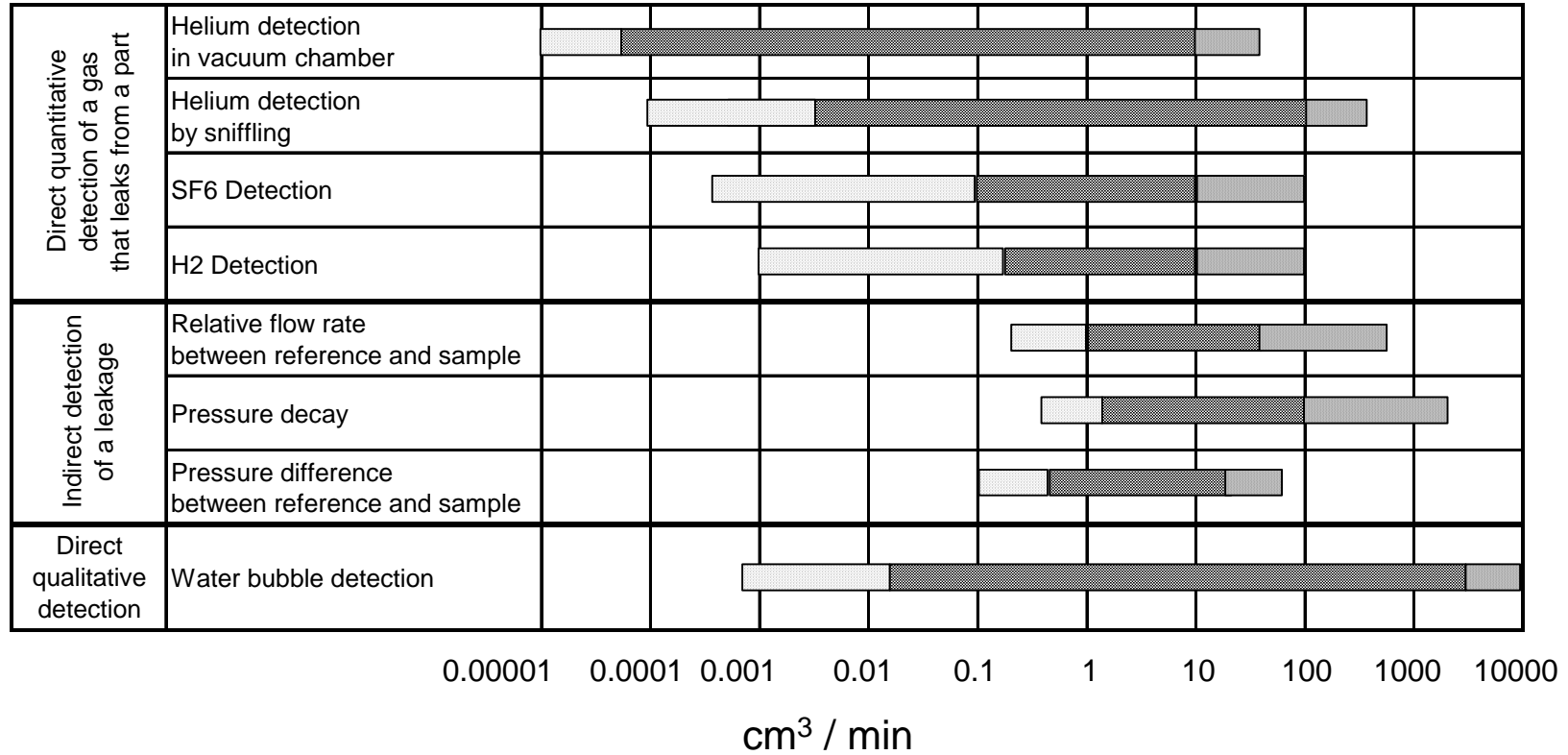
In-Process Leakage Testing of R744 Components

Harald Riegel

In-Process Leakage Testing of R744 Components

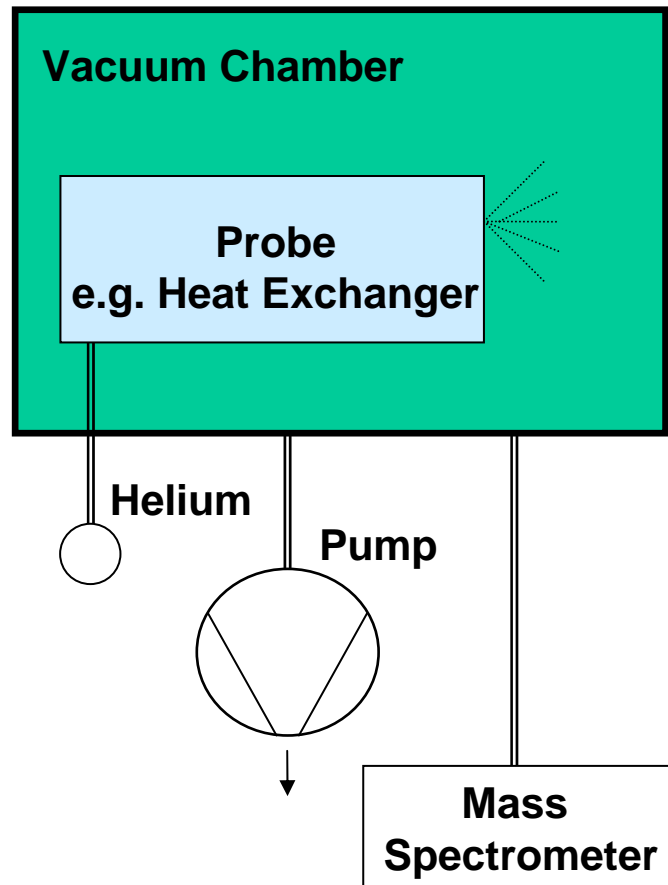
- Methods for In-Process Leakage Testing
 - Overview of Test Methods
 - Test Agents (He, Air, CO₂)
 - Test conditions (pressure and detection limit)
- Feasible leakage rate limit
- Recommendation of In-Process Leakage Testing of R744 Components

Methods of Leakage Test



Methods of Leakage Test

Helium detection in vacuum chamber



Properties of Helium

- Non toxic
- Not flammable
- Does not condens
- Inert
- Temperature stabil
- Negligible concentration in air (5ppm)

Detection Method

- High resolution with mass spectrometer
- In-Line automatization is possible

Methods of Leakage Test

Other test agents

CO₂ high natural concentration in air (about 340 ppm)
 fluctuation (breath, exhaust,...)
 → Interference from environment is considerable

Air Small drift of temperature results in a non-negligible change of
 a „virtual“ leakage rate

Example:

Drift of ambient temperature: 0,1 K/min

→ „virtual“ leakage rate: **19 cm³/min**

for comparison: 5g/a R134a at 40 bar (condensers)

→ limit : **0,002 cm³/min**

→ Helium is the right test agent for leakage testing

Feasible leakage rate limit

Mean operating pressure p_m (example gascooler)

a) Rough estimation

Non operating pressure	55 bar
ambient temperature	20°C
max. high pressure	130 bar
anual mileage	20,000 km
mean speed	35 km/h
AC on	50% of vehicle operation

→ $p_m = 57.5 \text{ bar}$

b) Conservative estimation

→ $p_m = 65 \text{ bar}$

**Specified pressure for leakage rate
determination**

Feasible leakage rate limit

Deduction of leakage rate

Current parameters for development

- Target of 1 g/a R744 at mean operating pressure ($p_m = 65$ bar)

Leakage Rate

- Molar Mass of R744 = 44 g/mol
- $44 \text{ g} / 22400 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ g} / X \text{ cm}^3$
- $X = 509.1 \text{ cm}^3 \rightarrow \text{Leakage Rate} = 9.7 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$

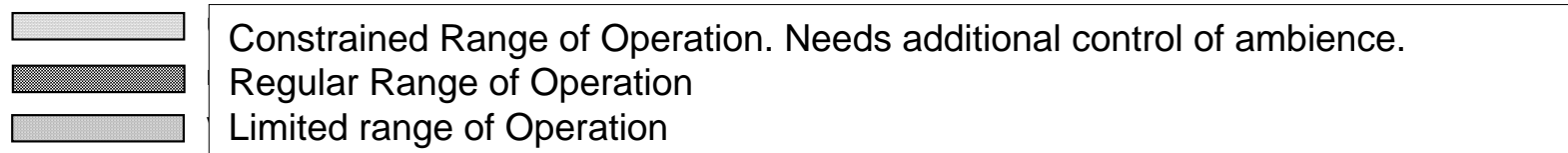
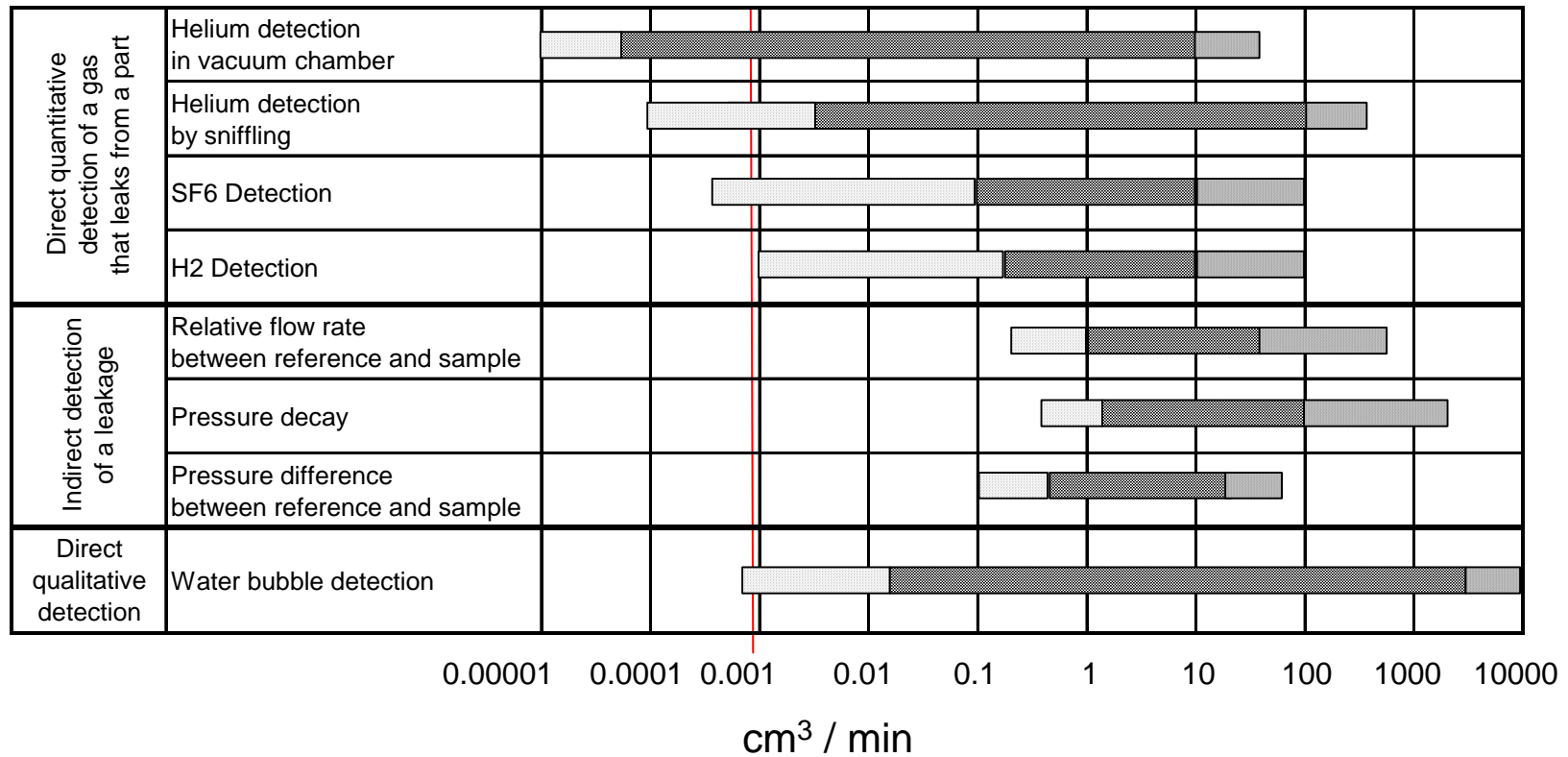
Required detectable leakage rate q:

$$q = 0.00097 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$$

Feasible leakage rate limit

Test Method

0.00097 cm³/min



Feasible leakage rate limit

In-Process Leakage Rate: 190 bar and Helium

Agent	R744	→	Helium
Pressure In-Process test	65 bar	→	190 bar

The volume rate (of the leak) is proportional to the square of the pressure difference to the ambient and inverse proportional to the viscosity

Leak to be detected $0.97 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$ → **$6.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$**

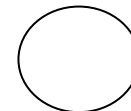
In-Process Leakage Testing of R744 Components

- Methods for In-Process Leakage Testing
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- **Feasible leakage rate limit**
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Feasibel leakage rate limit

Localisation of defects

- Defective part (leaker) needs to be root caused immediately, i.e. the location of the leak has to be detected.
- State of the art: visual check for gas bubbles
- R134a: moderate pressure
- Manual Process: bubble frequency < 30 s



Feasibel leakage rate limit

Localisation of defects

Test duration: Target < 30 seconds

		Pressure = 65 bar			
Leakage limit in g (R744) / year	Leakage limit in ccm/min	1 Bubble 1 mm Ø departs after Seconds	1 Bubble 2 mm Ø departs after Seconds	1 Bubble 3 mm Ø departs after Seconds	1 Bubble 5 mm Ø departs after Seconds
1 g / a	0.0007 ccm/min	42	335	1129	5227
2 g / a	0.0015 ccm/min	21	167	565	2613
3 g / a	0.0023 ccm/min	14	112	376	1742
4 g / a	0.0030 ccm/min	10	84	282	1307
6 g / a	0.0045 ccm/min	7	56	188	871
8 g / a	0.0060 ccm/min	5	42	141	653
10 g / a	0.0075 ccm/min	4	33	113	523



Feasibel leakage rate limit

Localisation of defects

Test duration: Target < 30 seconds

		Pressure = 190 bar			
Leakage limit in g (R744) / year	Leakage limit in ccm/min	1 Bubble 1 mm Ø departs after Seconds	1 Bubble 2 mm Ø departs after Seconds	1 Bubble 3 mm Ø departs after Seconds	1 Bubble 5 mm Ø departs after Seconds
1 g / a	0.0064 ccm/min	4.9	39	132	612
2 g / a	0.0128 ccm/min	2.4	20	66	306
3 g / a	0.0193 ccm/min	1.6	13	44	204
4 g / a	0.0257 ccm/min	1.2	10	33	153
6 g / a	0.0385 ccm/min	0.82	7	22	102
8 g / a	0.0513 ccm/min	0.61	4.9	17	76
10 g / a	0.0642 ccm/min	0.49	3.9	13	61

Visual test at 190 bar to be investigated (Safety)

Limit = 3 g/a to detect bubbles



In-Process Leakage Testing of R744 Components

Summary

Results

- He-Leak Test for R744-Heat Exchangers is mandatory
- A leakage rate of 1 g/a does not allow a visual inspection of a leaker at suitable pressures

Recommendations

- Leakage rate of 3 g/a for in-process tests
- Helium test pressure 190 bar

Open Items

- Development of a visual leak detection at high pressure
- Fittings for in-process testing (seal, sealing surface)